



Read this installation manual in its entirety before you start. If you have doubts about doing this installation, you should contact a qualified contractor, carpenter or professional installer. Visit www.aspectideas.com for FAQs, photos and additional information.

Tools and supplies needed:

- Protective eyewear or safety goggles
- Measuring tape
- Straightedge or Speed Square Pencil
- File or sandpaper
- Miter box (manual or powered)
 Jig saw (if cutting for power or light receptacles)
 Level (2' to 4')
- Caulk gun and adhesive (if using method 2)
 Primer and paint roller or brush (if using method 1)

Before vou beain

Installing Aspect peel & stick wood tiles is a simple, exciting project that adds instant style to your kitchen or bath. We have deliberately over-explained the tile installation. Have fun with this project. It's going to be easy and look great! Read this installation manual in its entirety before you start. If you have doubts about doing this installation, you should contact a qualified contractor, carpenter or professional installer. As with all real wood products, Aspect® Peel & Stick Wood Tiles will react to the climate in your home and to seasonal humidity changes. We highly recommend the

- following preparations to ensure your project satisfaction.
 - Remove all panels from the carton and let acclimate to your home's environment for at least 48-72 hours.
 - If your installation will run from floor to ceiling we recommend leaving a 1/4-inch gap at both the very top and bottom.
 - HVAC systems must be operational and controlling site temperature and humidity. The area to receive Aspect Wood Tiles must be properly conditioned at normal occupancy temperature (60-70°F), and humidity levels (35-55% humidity), maintained for a minimum of 72 hours prior to installation as well as during and continuously following installation. Do not install in areas subject to moisture.

Note: As with any wood product, there will be some variance in the wood thickness and depth. This may result in small gaps between rows or tiles. We believe these imperfections add character to any rustic backsplash or wall installation. However, if you desire to conceal gaps, you can cut a sliver from another tile or fill gaps with matching wood putty or even a matching caulk. Be sure to wipe off excess material if the latter products are used.

PROPER SURFACE PREPARATION IS ESSENTIAL FOR A SUCCESSFUL PROJECT Failure to follow recommended surface preparation instructions may void the warranty. ACP, LLC is not responsible or liable for any labor costs or damaged product incurred as a result of improper installation. All product defects are covered under our 5-year limited warranty.

Installation Methods

Method 1: The adhesive on the back side of the Aspect wood tiles is engineered to stick to flat, primed, smooth walls.

Allow the tiles and substrate to come to room temperature (65 to100 degrees F.) before installation.

If you are using installation Method 1, proper wall preparation is required. Aspect can be installed over most structurally-sound substrates if they are clean, flat, smooth, dry and free of



Method 1 - The adhesive on the back side of the Aspect tiles is engineered be aggressive and pressure-sensitive. ered to

dust, wax, soap scum and grease. Acceptable substrates are drywall, plaster or clean, smooth tile (glazed, porcelain-type tile; not porous or textured). Any damaged, loose or uneven areas must be repaired, patched, leveled and primed. Fill cracks and irregularities with wallboard compound or spackling, then sand smooth with fine-grade sandpaper.

The substrate to which you are applying Aspect tiles must be primed with a fresh coat of latex or oil-based primer such as Zinsser® or KILZ® (or similar products; visit www. aspectideas.com/FAQ for brand suggestions). Ingredients in "paint & primer in one" products can cause adhesion failure; as such, be sure to use a stand-alone primer. See below for Method 2 if you prefer not to prime the surface. To hide any gaps, we recommend that you tint the primer a dark brown or black color before priming the area to be covered. The paint desk at your home center can easily add and mix the primer tint.

Method 2: If you do not intend to prepare, sand and prime the surface, an additional adhesive should be used. We recommend a high-quality polyurethane construction adhesive be applied to the back of each tile. Be sure to remove the release film on the back of each tile before applying additional adhesive. Apply some pea-sized dots of adhesive to the back of a full tile (see right). Keep the adhesive a half-inch from the edges. Firmly press the tiles into place. If adhesive squeezes out around the tiles, be sure to wipe it off before it dries.

ommended Adhesiv

Recommended Adhesives	
Brand	Туре
Loctite [®]	PL Premium®
Loctite®	PL Premium Advanced®



Method 2 - Using high-quality polyurethane construction adhesiv

LePage 'L Premium

Layout

Measure the first area to be covered by Aspect Peel & Stick Tiles. We recommend you lay out the entire project on a flat surface, like a counter top, table or floor before adhering to the substrate to be sure you have enough tiles and your design and layout is correct. This will also give you good reference as to how the tiles will look on you wall. As you lay out tiles, make sure tile colors (which vary slightly as does all wood) and seams are to your liking.

As each project is different, be sure to plan for cutouts, corners or edge treatments before applying tiles. Tile edge seams will be more visible if they are not aligned. When starting a new row, we recommend a random staggered pattern.

Backsplash layout

The easiest layout method for a backsplash is to begin from the inside corner of your countertop and work across from right to left. This method allows you to use two points of reference, your vertical wall and horizontal counter top. Notewhen using these two points of reference, be sure to check them for level on the horizontal plane and 90° on the vertical plane. This prevent any problems as you build your vill backsplash.



Beginning from inside corner on right, place the first tile.

Lay a 4-foot level on top of your counter top or backsplash return lip. If the counter top is level and straight, begin tile installation as described below. If your counter top is not level and straight, please see our FAQs on www.aspectideas.com to learn hov to start the first row.

Accent wall layout Start your first tile at the upper left corner of your accent wall area. Abut the first tile to the ceiling or topmost termination point if not a ceiling.

Installing first tile

Here's where the fun begins. Be sure the substrate is clean and dry. Remove the adhesive liner from the back of the tile.



Beginning from inside corner on right, place the first tile.

Installing remaining tiles The first tile and all other tiles that abut an inside or outside corner will need to have the overlap notch cut away so there is a straight edge.

Use your miter saw to cut the notch and create a straight edge. File and/or sand the cut edge smooth.



Cut away the notch with a miter saw.



Straight cut edge with notch removed.



Cut away the notch with a miter saw.



Sanding tile edge

a) For backsplash. Working from lower right to left, make sure the overlap notch is always in the upper left position as shown in image below/right.



Beginning from inside corner on right, place the first tile.



ontinue the process for the remaining til



Install next tile as shown.

b) For an accent wall. Working from upper left to right, make sure the overlap notch is always in the lower right position as shown in image below/right.



Beginning from inside corner on left, place the first tile.



Continue the process for remaining tiles



Moving left to right, use overlap notches to abut tiles, just as you would in a backsplash installation.

Do not apply pressure to the tile until you are sure of your placement. If alignment is true, apply pressure to the whole tile.

The aggressive design of the adhesive does not allow for repositioning after the tile has been pressed in place. If the tile is affixed but not aligned properly, see the Removing Tiles section, below.

Cutting Tiles

A manual or powered miter saw is the recommended cutting tool for the wood tiles. Use a jigsaw for cutting notches or other more intricate cutouts such as an electrical outlet.

Leave on the adhesive liner for measuring, drawing lines and cutting tiles. Measure and layout on a tile where the cut must be made Take the cut tile (adhesive liner aı d cut the tile. still on tile) to the work space and place it in its intended location, ensuring it fits properly. Cut and install all remaining tiles using the same steps described above. When tiles are installed to your satisfaction, press each again firmly with your hand. This will ensure that the adhesive bonds to the substrate.

NOTE: When working around any electrical outlet, be SURE to turn the power off at you fuse box.

To cut tiles for electrical receptacles or other cutouts that occur within a single tile, first mark on the tile face the area to be removed. Measure and mark the area to be removed approximately the size of the outlet box. Do not allow the tile to touch the receptacle itself



A powered miter saw is recommended for straight cuts



A table saw can also be used for straight cuts.

Use a jigsaw for cutting out around receptacles

Sand or file cut tiles

desired, use a wood file or sandpaper to smooth cut edges.

Adhering small pieces

Use tube adhesive for small cut pieces of Aspect wood tile that is less than 4 inches by 4 inches.



Sanding tile edge.

Removing tiles

If a tile needs to be removed, apply heat with a hair dryer to soften the adhesive. Use a putty knife on the back side and slowly apply outward pressure to release the tile from the wall. The adhesive is engineered to not be removed so caution should be taken to not damage the wall. Any removed tiles may be unusable.

Care after Installation

Aspect wood tiles should be cleaned, if necessary, using a soft cloth or the brush attachment on a vacuum cleaner.

Indoor use as a backsplash is acceptable, but as with all natural wood products, there is some inherent risk of staining and rot. For a backsplash application, sealers or varnish is recommended. Sealers, such as Thompson's® Water Seal® Waterproofer Plus varnish is recommended. Sealers, such as Thompson's® Water Seal® Waterproofer Plus Clear Wood Protector or Cabot® Waterproofing Silicone Sealer (and similar products), offer moderate protection.

Wood varnish is a durable coating that bonds to the wood surface. These products slightly darken the wood color and have a semi-gloss finish. Wood varnishes, such as Minwax® Polycrylic® Protective Finish or Cabot® Spar Varnish Semi-Gloss (and similar products), provide a high level of stain protection.

Extremely humid or dry environments may affect the wood negatively.

Edge Treatment

Many types of edge trims can be found at your local home center. Wood tile edges sanded smooth look great too. If a cut edge showing exposed wood doesn't match use stain to color the edge to your satisfaction. See our FAQs at www.aspectideas. com for stains that match our wood tiles. tch,